



SAMSUN İL MİLLÎ EĞİTİM MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



ÇÖZÜM VİDEOLU YDT DENEME-1



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1.-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The primary ---- with cell phones and cancer seems to be the development of brain tumours associated with cell phone use.

A) demand B) concern
C) inclination D) damage
E) date

2. While the Internet can enable teens to communicate and access to information ---- use can lead to some mental health disorders.

A) reasonable B) slight
C) immoderate D) proper
E) inevitable

3. The years from 1870 to 1914 brought both extensive industrialisation throughout the West and the ---- rapid expansion of Western power abroad.

A) indifferently B) conveniently
C) independently D) evenly
E) considerably

4. European Union (EU) organic farming rules ----every stage of the production process, from seeds to the final processed food.

A) exploit B) convince
C) encompass D) interpret
E) exceed

5. Detecting malaria can sometimes be difficult in the most rural places, but engineers have ---- a clever way to detect it with an advanced medicine technology designed for it.

A) get along with B) come up with
C) cut down on D) made up for
E) run out of

6. The first Ebola virus ---- was Ebola-Zaire which ---- near the Ebola River in the Democratic Republic of the Congo during an outbreak in 1976.

A) to discover / isolated
B) to have discovered / isolates
C) being discovered / had been isolated
D) discovering / has been isolated
E) to be discovered / was isolated

7. Brain surgery is very advanced today, it ---- that primitive versions of the field ---- thousands of years ago.

A) is predicted / may have existed
B) has been predicted / must have existed
C) is being predicted / could exist
D) had been predicted / should have existed
E) was predicted / had to exist

8. The tradition of ---- afternoon tea, or "high tea," is thought ---- by Anna, 7th Duchess of Bedford, a friend of Queen Victoria.

A) to have had / to be popularized
B) to have / having been popularized
C) have / to popularize
D) having / to have been popularized
E) have had / popularized

9.-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ve ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Today's youth are exposed to the internet more than ever before ---- virtual classrooms, video calling, online gaming, entertainment and social media - creating an irrefutable need ---- internet security and safety awareness.

A) in / by
B) through / for
C) along / over
D) at / of
E) off / between

10. Racial discrimination is a prevalent experience ---- minorities in the United States, with up to 25% experiencing interpersonal discrimination attributed --- race, ethnicity, or ancestry.

A) in / by
B) with / of
C) among / to
D) at / for
E) across / beneath

11. ---- efforts of various organizations and health departments to reduce consumption of unhealthy foods, Americans appear more comfortable with their increased weight and less likely to want to act to lose weight.

A) Despite
B) Instead of
C) As well as
D) Due to
E) Likewise

12. ---- Egyptian agriculture depended almost entirely on summer flooding, interruptions in the floods could devastate crops, leading to famines and an increase in social tensions.

A) In case
B) Since
C) Unless
D) Although
E) Supposing that

13. When an earthquake occurs on the sea floor, big waves - called tsunamis - hit the coast and they often come without ---- warning and they kill ---- people and destroy buildings and streets near the coast.

A) less / several
B) any / many
C) much / a great quantity
D) little / large amount of
E) many / much

14. Women work harder to become financially independent and they are not ---- likely to get into debt ---- men.

A) more / less
B) such / that
C) too / to
D) just / so
E) as / as

15. ---- relying on base stations with separate cells, the first mobile phone networks involved one very powerful base station covering a much wider area.

A) In terms of
B) Instead of
C) By means of
D) In case of
E) Because of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

The Greeks and the Romans developed the concept of the bath, which incorporated pools. The Muslims of the Middle East (16)---- these baths into hamams. The Turks, upon entering Anatolia, brought with them the concept of the hamam. In some instances building a hamam was perceived as(17) ---- a work of charity. Many of the hamams(18) ---- either directly adjoining a mosque or were located nearby. These complemented the fountains in the courtyards of the mosque(19) ---- a Muslim could purify himself before praying. (20) For instance the hamam built by Haseki Hürrem Sultan was constructed halfway ---- Aya Sofia and Sultan Ahmed Mosque.

16.

- A) depicted B) discarded
C) boosted D) prohibited
E) adapted

17.

- A) to be B) to have been
C) being D) having been
E) be

18.

- A) built B) build
C) was built D) have been built
E) had built

19.

- Ⓢ A) but B) in order that
— C) even so D) since
Ⓢ E) in case
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20.

- A) between B) against
C) into D) with
E) over

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **Child mortality due to medical reasons, slightly drops ----.**

- A) as long as neonatal deaths among overall under-5 deaths increased from 37% in 1990 to 44% in 2013
- B) as the number of neonatal deaths declined from 4.7 million in 1990 to 2.8 million in 2013
- C) because the number of child deaths has been falling in every region
- D) if they are born too soon or too small, have complications during birth
- E) even if children receive nutritional supplements rich in vitamins, minerals and essential fatty acids

22. **Although wearing sunglasses can protect the eyes from UV radiation, ----.**

- A) they prevent people from harmful effects of sun
- B) it is important to limit excessive light exposure of the retina
- C) they protect your eyes against the radiation , which could otherwise lead to cataracts
- D) wearing them all the time surprisingly causes more harm than doing good
- E) they can improve visual comfort and visual clarity by protecting the eye from glare

23. ----, **since they have to pay everyone a pension.**

- A) Federal law requires employers to abide by security precautions
- B) Aging increases the cost of the governments' spending
- C) Healthy economies with consumers who spend money create wealth
- D) Most employers pay their workers high salaries
- E) Economy boomed in European countries

24. ----, **although they have almost no side effects.**

- A) Influenza can be tackled with some antiviral drugs
- B) A new medical treatment option help as many as 80-85 percent of patients
- C) Vaccines are given to nearly all people in developed countries
- D) Hot baths haven't been a prescribed for depression
- E) Flu vaccines cause antibodies to develop in the body about two weeks after vaccination

25. **Though natural hazards such as earthquakes, tsunamis, volcanoes and hurricanes can be disastrous ----.**

- A) they are naturally occurring physical phenomena caused either by rapid or slow onset events which can be geophysical
- B) you face the danger of death or physical injury and may also lose your home, possessions, and community
- C) every year, millions of people are affected by both human-caused and natural disasters
- D) they pose a comparatively trivial threat to the survival of the human race
- E) geological processes affected every human on the Earth

26. **Should global warming continues to rise at the current rate, ----.**

- A) greenhouse gas emissions may no longer keep rising
- B) that the carbon dioxide will keep warming our planet is not expected
- C) the planet is not likely to experience a series problems
- D) in no circumstances will it result in a median 52 cm of sea level rise
- E) the icebergs will have disappeared by the end of the century

27. **Although Libya is one of the oil-richest countries in the world, ----.**

- A) oil reserves in Libya are the largest in Africa
- B) around a third of its population live in poverty
- C) alternative power sources are being explored wold wide
- D) the country has been a key springboard for migrants heading for Europe
- E) there is a shortage of medical professionals as a result of the departure of foreign medical workers

28. ---- **because many large countries have said they would phase out vehicles powered by petrol engines within the next two decades.**

- A) Transport is still responsible for around one quarter of World's greenhouse gas emissions
- B) Few electric road vehicles are concentrated in a few northern and western European Union Member States
- C) Electric mobility could help the European Union Member to achieve its goals of reducing greenhouse gas emissions, air pollution, noise and dependence on oil
- D) The road to full adoption of electric powertrain technology is neither simple nor cheap
- E) Automobile manufacturers around the world are under pressure to develop electric cars

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

On February 10, 1996, Deep Blue became the first computer to win a chess game against a reigning world chess champion, Gary Kasparov. Chess matches include several individual games. However, Kasparov won three and drew two of the following five games. Deep Blue was programmed by scientists at IBM specifically to defeat a world chess champion, and a team of programmers and chess experts updated the supercomputer after each game. Deep Blue was capable of calculating up to 200 million positions per second. Kasparov and Deep Blue met again a year later, when the supercomputer defeated the chess champion in a full match. Many observers worried about a machine's intellectual defeat of a human being, while others were encouraged by the result. IBM, at least, was thrilled. Said IBM developer Gabby Silberman, "We've shown what technology can do in complex problems such as chess and the same technology will serve us in many other ways as well."

29. It can be understood from the passage that Deep Blue ----.

- A) was created by Gary Kasparov to carry out multiple tasks
- B) wasn't expected to win the chess game against Gary Kasparov
- C) made few observers concerned due to overwhelming win
- D) was an advanced computer that was able to serve human in many aspects
- E) was developed by scientists notably in order that it can beat a master world chess champion

30. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- A) IBM developer Gabby Silberman overestimated the potential of technology.
- B) Deep Blue was advanced enough to count on millions of positions in a short time.
- C) Gary Kasparov couldn't win any game against Deep Blue.
- D) Chess fans were able to upgrade the super computer Deep Blue per second.
- E) Having been beaten by Deep Blue, Gary Kasparov lost his fame.

31. In this passage, the author ----.

- A) informs readers about the benefits of playing chess
- B) encourages readers to not to give up their dreams
- C) mentions the chess games between a computer and human
- D) talks about how Gary Kasparov felt when he was defeated
- E) explains how technology will affect the human life

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Reducing wasted food would probably help lower dangerous emissions into the atmosphere and slow down climate change, according to experts. Over 15% of emissions from farming and agriculture could be avoided if we managed our food supplies better. About 3.3 billion tons of carbon dioxide comes from food waste. A third of the food produced worldwide is never eaten. It gets spoilt during day-long transport or in shops. Huge amounts of food are also thrown away by consumers, who often buy too many things which they do not eat. While the demand for food per person has stayed the same in the last decades, more and more food is available. Richer countries waste more food than poorer ones. According to farming experts, more and more food is wasted in growing Asian economies, like India and China. As people become richer they also adopt to western eating habits. It is not only important to waste less food but also to get food to the places where it is needed, where people do not have enough to eat or farming conditions are bad.

32. What is true about the wasted food?

- A) Diminishing wasted food will doubtlessly cut down on hazardous emissions into the atmosphere.
- B) Wealthier nations are no more responsible for waste food than those underdeveloped.
- C) By wasting less food, richer countries can find an effective solution for the undernutrition in poor countries.
- D) Wasted food worldwide gives rise to decelerate climate change.
- E) Considerable amount of wasted food emerges owing to people purchasing more than they need.

33. It is understood from the passage that emissions from farming and agriculture ----.

- A) make the products spoilt because of increasing demand
- B) are partly caused by food not used effectively by human beings
- C) lead to increasing demand for food in growing Asian countries
- D) can be slowed down thanks to advanced farming methods
- E) will no longer pose threat to the environment

34. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- A) As a result of increasing demand, much more food has been wasted.
- B) The sole reason of extreme waste of food resources is wealthier countries.
- C) Because of bad management, food supplies the amount of food produced is decreasing globally.
- D) More than three billion tons of carbon dioxide is caused by rich countries.
- E) Food waste is progressively increasing in countries such as India and China.

35.-37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

On December 18, 1865, the Thirteenth Amendment was adopted as part of the United States Constitution. The amendment officially abolished slavery, and immediately freed more than 100,000 slaves, from Kentucky to Delaware. Two years earlier, at the height of the Civil War, U.S. President Abraham Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation, which declared that all slaves in the states in rebellion—the Confederacy—were free. This did not have a sweeping practical impact, however, as the Confederacy considered itself a separate nation and did not follow U.S. laws, and the proclamation did not free slaves in the “border states” that sided with the Union. Within five years, the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments were also passed. These amendments, among the most contested in courts today, established citizenship, equal protection, and voting rights for all male Americans regardless of race. However, the same suffrage and protections would not be afforded to women of all races until over 50 years later, when Congress passed the 19th Amendment in 1919.

35. It is understood from the passage that the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments ---.

- A) brought right to people in U.S. vote regardless of race, age and gender
- B) put an end to slavery by releasing nearly one hundred thousand slaves
- C) were matter of debates because of lacking rights of women of all races
- D) granted all men in the U.S. the right to vote without making discrimination
- E) were considered as milestones by the slaves in the U.S.

36. It is pointed out in the passage that it wasn't until the early part of 20th century, ----.

- A) women of all races gained the same rights as men in the U.S.
- B) the slavery was eliminated officially in the U.S.
- C) the thirteenth amendment had no dramatic influence on slaves living in Kentucky and Delaware
- D) President Abraham Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation
- E) the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments were passed

35. S
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37. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Thirteenth Amendment Proclamation
- B) The Constitution of the United States
- C) Equal rights amendments
- D) The history of slavery
- E) Civil Rights Movement

38.-40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Every year, more than 8 million people die from due to tobacco use. Most tobacco-related deaths occur in low- and middle-income countries, areas that are targets of intensive tobacco industry interference and marketing. Tobacco can also be deadly for non-smokers. Second-hand tobacco smoke contributes to heart disease, cancer, and other diseases, causing an additional 1.2 million deaths annually. In addition to the detrimental impact of tobacco on health, the total economic cost of smoking (from health expenditures and productivity losses together) are estimated to be around 1.4 trillion USD per year, equivalent in magnitude to 1.8% of the world's annual gross domestic product (GDP). Almost 40% of this cost occurred in developing countries, highlighting the substantial burden these countries suffer. The scale of this human and economic tragedy is shocking, but it's also preventable., WHO Member States unanimously adopted the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (WHO FCTC), the only public health treaty under the auspices of WHO. In force since 2005, it has currently 181 Parties. To help countries implement the WHO FCTC, WHO introduced MPOWER, a package of technical measures and resources.

38. It is understood from the passage that the deaths attributable to smoking ----.

- A) have been growing rapidly in most countries particularly in rich countries
- B) account for 1.2 million deaths yearly worldwide
- C) are seen most in countries where tobacco companies use marketing strategies
- D) have traditionally been measured on an annual basis
- E) are believed to rise in wealthy nations

39. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- A) The number of deaths associated with passive smoking is higher than those due to smoking
- B) WHO makes laws prohibiting smoking in public areas in low- and middle-income countries
- C) Costs due to smoking represent almost %2 of global GDP.
- D) FCT is one of the public health treaties under the auspices which is in force since 2005.
- E) Negative effects of tobacco on human seems to be no longer unhindered

40. One can conclude from the passage that the author ----.

- A) underlines how tobacco use affects both human health and economy
- B) points that economical damage of tobacco outweighs the damage of tobacco on human body
- C) is pessimistic about attempts aiming to carry out useful measures
- D) gives so many significant details about healthy treaty introduced by WHO
- E) underestimates the economic burden of tobacco use globally

41.-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The R.M.S. Titanic, an ocean liner commissioned in England in 1910, was one of the most luxurious, state-of-the-art ships of its day. At nearly 269 meters (882 feet) long, the ship was thought to be unsinkable. However, on April 15, 1912, the unthinkable happened. During the ship's maiden voyage from Southampton, England, to New York City, New York, the Titanic struck an iceberg in the North Atlantic Ocean off the coast of Newfoundland, Canada and sank, tragically taking the lives of more than 1,500 passengers and crew. It was, and remains, one of the greatest nautical disasters in history. The Titanic was laid undiscovered at the bottom of the ocean for another 73 years, until oceanographer and National Geographic Explorer-in-Residence, Dr Robert Ballard, of the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute, co-discovered it in 1985. Since then, there have been many expeditions to see the Titanic, some for scavenging, others for research. Some expeditions are conducted by people who simply continue to be fascinated by the ship and its icy fate. The story of the Titanic continues to captivate people, inspiring films, clubs, museums, websites, and historic re-enactments.

41. According to the passage which of the following can be said about the Titanic?

- A) The wreck of the Titanic has been the focus of intense interest and has been visited by numerous expeditions
- B) There were so many attempts to salvage the Titanic shortly after it sank on 15 April 1912
- C) Sinking of the Titanic did not astonish the people in that period because of its fragile construction
- D) Still there is no cruise ship bigger than Titanic
- E) The liner was British-registered, and carried less than 1500 passengers and crew from many different nationalities

42. It can be understood from the passage that the expeditions to the Titanic ----.

- A) have been available since the Titanic sank unexpectedly in 1912
- B) are generally conducted by filmmakers getting inspired of its story
- C) ensure unique information for the films, museums and historic re-enactments
- D) are carried out with a variety of reasons some of which are technological and scientific
- E) reveal that parts of the wreck are in surprisingly good condition

43. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Origins and construction of the luxury liner
- B) One of history's greatest nautical tragedies
- C) The reasons why people died on the Titanic
- D) The remains of the wreck surviving until today
- E) Why Titanic still fascinate people globally

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Kevin:

-- Do you have any idea about how unbelievable the Sun is? It weighs about 330000 times as much as Earth.

Richard:

-- No I haven't thought to it.

Kevin:

--- ----

Richard:

-- That is really fantastic. You must know more about solar system.

- A) You should think about it .Doesn't the universe draw your attention?
- B) You haven't any information about it because you have never read book about it.
- C) It's a complicated issue. I got confused.
- D) I think you should be interested in space sciences.
- E) Me neither, until I started watching astronomy documentaries.

45. Jane:

-- What do people do in China in their retirement years?

Mary :

-- Some of them take care of their grandchildren, this takes up their time.

Jane:

-- ----?

Mary:

-- Things are not as hard for the elderly people in China now. They have it easier because their children have pretty good jobs. They are taken care of well.

- A) How the lives of senior citizens in China changed in recent years
- B) What changes do you think will take place in the future regarding life in China
- C) How do you think social media has effected elderly in China today
- D) What are some of the main problems facing the youth in China
- E) What are some of the differences in an attitude towards life between young and old people

46. Adam:

-- Well, today there are lots of different ways of communication. What do you think is the best one?

Richard:

-- ----

Adam:

-- In a way, you are right. But you must admit that today people are very busy and it's getting more and more difficult to find time for meeting up with your friends. On the contrary, mobile phones allow people to stay in touch all day long.

Richard:

-- I partly agree with you but it's rather difficult to understand what people are trying to tell you if you don't see them.

- A) I must admit that modern technology offers people great opportunities for communication.
- B) Instant messaging is more immediate than e-mail as you don't have to check your inbox for new messages because they appear instantly.
- C) I think it e-mail is useful when you want to communicate with friends or relatives who live far from you.
- D) You see, it's very difficult to make a choice because each way has its pros and cons.
- E) I'm not a big fan of new technology. Person to person, over a cup of coffee, with no interruptions that's the best way of communication for me.

47. Jack:

-- Do you know what microclimate means?

Jim:

-- It is smaller area within general climate zone that has its own unique climate.

Jack:

-- ----

Jim:

-- You are right! Many microclimate practices have been adapted worldwide to increase crop yields.

- A) Residential buildings can be affected by microclimate conditions in different regions.
- B) Insufficient climate control of the environment leads to some health problems.
- C) In Rome, architects were aware of the importance of microclimate.
- D) Alternative microclimates can provide shelter for wild animals.
- E) It must improve the soil- water availability and water-use efficiency.

48. Mandy:

-- I don't understand how the Corona virus has spread around the world. There is almost nowhere to hide from this virus.

Jack:

-- ----

Mandy:

-- I agree, all we need is hygiene and avoiding close contact with people.

Jack:

-- Some infectious diseases physicians even suggest stay at home until virus all disappears.

- A) It probably has spread quickly because it is origin isn't known certain.
- B) There are three types of this virus one of which causes death.
- C) You know, this virus also leads to some physiological changes.
- D) I don't know much. What I know is we have to take precautions against it.
- E) You should be more interested in biology otherwise you will be embarrassed.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Despite numerous advances in the Indian economy, reduced birth rates, higher levels of female education, and other promising signals, the number of women in the workforce has dropped from 37 percent to 28 percent.

- A) India has experienced countless progress in the economy, birth rate decline, higher levels of female education and other encouraging signals, yet the number of woman in the labour force has decreased from 37 percent to 28 percent.
- B) Notwithstanding a decline from 37 percent to 28 percent in the number of woman in the workforce, progress in the Indian economy, reduced birth rates, higher levels of female education and other promising signals are not enough.
- C) If the number of workforce hadn't dropped from 37 percent to 28 percent many advances in economy, reduced birth rates, rising of female education and other good signals could have happened.
- D) There are so many advances in the Indian economy, reduced birth rates, higher levels of female education and encouraging signals that the number of workforce can fall from 37 percent to 28 percent.
- E) The number of women in the workforce has dropped from 37 percent to 28 percent hence numerous advances in the Indian economy, reduced birth rates, higher levels of female education, and other promising signals aren't expected.

50. Researchers have been unable to find out much information about the active processes since the glaciers are difficult to access.

- A) Glaciers can be accessed when researchers are able to learn much about the active processes.
- B) It's not easy for researchers to pick up information regarding the active process due to difficulty of accessing the glaciers.
- C) As there is not much information about the glaciers researcher haven't been able to access glaciers easily.
- D) Researchers are expected to access the glaciers because they haven't been able to get much information.
- E) If the researchers were able to get much information about active process, they would easily access to glaciers.

51. Today, the world faces a double burden of malnutrition that includes both undernutrition and overweight, especially in low- and middle-income countries.

- A) Nowadays, humanity experiences double burden of malnutrition comprising not only undernutrition but also overweight, particularly in low- and middle - income counties.
- B) Now, the world encounters twice burden of malnutrition that include not undernutrition but lack of food, specifically in low- and middle- income countries.
- C) Today, people face a double burden of malnutrition in spite of overweight, exclusively in low-and middle -income countries.
- D) Today, people in low-and middle –income countries come up against a double burden of malnutrition including either overweight or undernutrition.
- E) Nowadays, the world faces a double burden of malnutrition that not because of undernutrition but because of overweight.

53. While social media can help teens communicate and stay informed, excessive use can lead to depression, anxiety and other mental health problems.

- A) Once social media is able to help teens communicate and stay informed, unreasonable use brings about depression, anxiety and other illnesses.
- B) Overuse of social media causes depression, anxiety and other mental diseases unless social media can enable students to communicate and stay informed.
- C) In spite of allowing teens to communicate and stay, informed, too much use of social media could result in depression, anxiety and other mental health defects.
- D) Social media use can help teens communicate and stay informed but inordinate use of it certainly gives rise to depression, anxiety and other mental health problems.
- E) Excessive use of social media causes depression, anxiety and other mental health problems but that doesn't mean that teens will never use social media to communicate and get information.

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52. Young people who spend more than three hours a day on social media are susceptible to depression, anxiety and other illnesses and are more likely to internalize bad feelings about themselves.

- A) Spending more than three hours on social media makes young people susceptible to depression, anxiety and other diseases.
- B) Young people spending more than three hours a day on social media can be more susceptible to depression, anxiety and other diseases so it is more probable for them to internalize bad feelings regarding themselves.
- C) Young people spend more than three hours a day on social media and they are more susceptible to depression, anxiety and other diseases and more likely to adopt bad feelings about them.
- D) If young people are susceptible to depression, anxiety and other illnesses, they will be more likely to spend more than three hours a day on social media.
- E) Spending more than three hours a day on social media, young people are vulnerable to depression anxiety and other diseases and they are more likely to internalize bad feelings concerning themselves.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. **It's your colleague birthday party. You and other friends working in the same office have been invited to her party. They say the friends should get together and buy a present for her. You have already bought a gift for her and you say : ---**

- A) Forgive me for not buying a present with you. I wish had known your plan about present.
- B) I'm so sorry I forgot about her birthday.
- C) Let's go to shopping mall and see if we can find a nice present for her.
- D) Has anyone got any good ideas about what to give her on her birthday?
- E) I don't think you could buy her a good gift for her birthday.

55. **While you are cycling on a busy street you saw a teenager directing all attention to her mobile phone. There is so much traffic that you think he can have an accident any moment if he keeps being busy on the phone. You want to warn him gently and say to him: ---**

- A) The traffic is always terrible around here. If I were you I would watch out for cars instead of mobile phone.
- B) Actually, my friend died from traffic accident in this street. Be careful if you don't want to die.
- C) I really wish more could be done to deal with traffic problems in this street.
- D) It's a shame you are busy with your mobile phone in the rush hour.
- E) I wish you didn't have a mobile phone. It's an evil.

56. **Your sister is in the hospital. She has had a blood test. She has been diagnosed with a serious illness. You are worried and sad but you don't want to show your feelings. You try to support her by saying: ---**

- A) I want to say how much I love you because I may not see you again.
- B) I don't know what to say. You are facing a serious fatal disease.
- C) You will no longer have comfortable days. You have to hire somebody to look after you.
- D) You are a great fighter. You will get through this and I will always be near you.
- E) Never mind. There is no point in living in such a bad world.

57. **You work in an office. One of your friends often prefers surfing the net instead of being busy with his office works. He always asks you to do something that he has to do. He wants you do something for him again and you say furiously: ---**

- A) You've worked hard to meet deadlines. I will try to help you.
- B) I really want to help you but I am too much engaged in new project.
- C) Too much workload makes you stress. You should talk to boss.
- D) Why don't you do it yourself? I am not your assistant.
- E) You shouldn't have worked so hard, it is not good for your health.

58. **Your friends made a plan for the weekend. They invited you but you didn't want to go with them. You preferred to stay at home but you got bored. While they are talking about how the organization was entertaining, you show your regret by saying: ---**

- A) I don't believe you had a great time. You wasted your time.
- B) If I had enough time, I wouldn't have missed that event.
- C) I can imagine it would be an amusing activity. I wish I had been with you there.
- D) It wasn't a good idea. I am vegetarian and you invited me to the barbecue.
- E) You don't have to talk about it. We have scores of things to do.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Many people in Britain had begun moving to the cities from rural areas before the Industrial Revolution. This rapid urbanization brought significant challenges, as overcrowded cities suffered from pollution, inadequate sanitation and a lack of clean drinking water. Meanwhile, even as industrialization increased economic output overall and improved the standard of living for the middle and upper classes, poor and working class people continued to struggle. ---- . Such dramatic changes fuelled opposition to industrialization, including the "Luddites," known for their violent resistance to changes in Britain's textile industry.

- A) The mechanization of labour created by technological innovation had made many workers work long hours for pitifully low wages
- B) Although used earlier by French writers, the term Industrial Revolution was first mentioned by the English economic historian Arnold Toynbee
- C) The rapid production of hand tools and other useful items led to the development of new types of tools and vehicles to carry goods
- D) Mass production lowered the costs of much-needed tools, clothes, and other household items for the common people
- E) Factories and the machines began to produce items faster and cheaper than could be made by hand.

60. Nearly 1.24 million people die in traffic accidents every year around the world. Shifting weather patterns due to climate change, such as warmer temperatures, more rain, and less snow, will exacerbate road safety issues. ---- . Yet few studies have attempted to document the impact shifting weather patterns will have on traffic accidents, even though the potential costs to society are massive: in 2006, they were the leading cause of death in people between the ages of 4 and 35 in the United States.

- A) As sustainable solutions for classes of road safety have not been identified, particularly low-traffic rural and remote roads
- B) For example, snowfall and rainfall are widely known to reduce visibility and make braking more difficult
- C) However vehicle speed within the human tolerances for avoiding serious injury and death is a key goal of modern road design
- D) For road traffic safety purposes it can be helpful to classify roads into three usages
- E) Therefore in developing nations, there is significant public debate on the desirability of continued investment in motorways

61. Cruiser motorcycles allow the rider to have a relaxed riding style and offer limitless customization, while touring motorcycles are built to help the rider go the long-haul. Sport bikes let their rider lean in and carve clear, tight turns in the mountains or at the track. ----. Dual sport motorcycles can offer the best of both worlds, an all-road bike that can travel highways or dunes.

- A) The typical motorcycle has an aircooled engine supported in a metal frame between two wheels
- B) Use of the motorcycle has increased greatly in recent years as a result of the development of the inexpensive, lightweight motorcycle, manufactured chiefly in Asia
- C) In developing countries, motorcycles are considered utilitarian due to lower prices and greater fuel economy
- D) Motorcycle accidents distress people whose family members use motorcycle
- E) Off-road motorcycles and dirt bikes enable their riders to take the fun off-pavement, whether for competition purposes or simple trail riding

62. Modern communication has played a large role in cultural globalization. Today, news and information zips instantly around the world on the internet. ----. Through globalization, people may become aware of incidents very quickly. In seconds, people are able to respond to natural disasters that happen thousands of miles away.

- A) The difference between online news and newspaper includes several areas such as the readership, space, portability
- B) Teenagers on social media spend much of their time observing the lives and images of their peers.
- C) People can read information about foreign countries as easily as they read about their local new
- D) Various technologies are used to accomplish specific tasks in our lives
- E) Modern technology is making us lazy about actually talking to each other, with damaging effects on both business and society

63. In the past 50 years, China has made great achievements in controlling infectious diseases and improving the public's health and hygiene. However, in the twenty-first century, owing to the negative effects brought on by aging of the population and the burdens of diseases, urbanization, industrialization, and globalization, Chinese public health officials are encountering greater difficulties than ever. ----. The main problems are poor capacity to respond to public health emergencies, severe inequality of health care services, and lagging development of public health information systems.

- A) In 1960s, the cooperative medical insurance system was broadly applied in China's rural areas
- B) When stepping into old age, more and more people live with chronic illness
- C) People live in a more complicated environment in the twenty-first century
- D) Old operating models of public health cannot meet present requirements
- E) The early stages of public health practice in China can be traced back to the 1920s and 1930s

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. As a result of global warming, Arctic ice is melting quickly, so polar bears have to travel further in search of food.

- A) Küresel ısınmanın sonucu olarak, Arctic buzu o kadar hızlı eriyor ki , kutup ayıları yiyecek bulmak için daha fazla seyahat etmek zorunda kalıyorlar.
- B) Küresel ısınmanın Arctic buzu hızla eritiyor olması kutup ayılarını yiyecek bulmak için daha fazla seyahat etmek zorunda bırakıyor.
- C) Küresel ısınmanın sonucu olarak, Arctic buzu hızla eriyor, bu yüzden kutup ayıları yiyecek bulmak için daha fazla seyahat etmelidir.
- D) Küresel ısınmanın sonucu olarak, Arctic buzu hızla eriyor, bu yüzden kutup ayıları yiyecek bulmak için daha fazla seyahat etmek zorunda kaldılar.
- E) Küresel ısınmanın sonucu olarak, Arctic buzu hızla eriyor, bu yüzden kutup ayıları yiyecek bulmak için daha fazla seyahat etmek zorunda kalıyorlar.

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65. Doctors are prescribing walks in nature for children and families due to evidences that nature exposure lowers blood pressure and stress hormones.

- A) Doktorlar, doğada olmanın kan basıncını ve stres hormonlarını düşürdüğünü düşündüklerinden çocuklar ve ailelere doğada yürüyüşler önermektedir.
- B) Doktorlar, doğada olmanın kan basıncını ve stres hormonlarını düşürdüğünü düşündükleri için çocuklar ve ailelere doğada yürüyüşler önermektedir.
- C) Doktorlar, doğada olmanın kan basıncını ve stres hormonlarını düşürdüğüne dair düşünceleri sebebiyle çocuklar ve ailelere doğada yürüyüşler önerebilmektedir.
- D) Doktorlar, doğada olmanın kan basıncını ve stres hormonlarını azalttığına dair kanıtlar sebebiyle çocuklar ve ailelere doğada yürüyüşler önermektedir.
- E) Doktorlar, çocuklar ve ailelere doğada yürüyüşler önermektedir çünkü doğada olmanın kan basıncını ve stres hormonlarını azalttığına dair kanıtlar var.

66. Although all EU states are part of the Economic and Monetary Union, not all EU countries are part of the Euro area.

- A) Tüm AB devletleri, Ekonomi ve Para Birliği'nin parçası olmalarına rağmen, AB ülkelerinin tümü, Avro bölgesinin parçası değildir.
- B) AB ülkelerinin tümü, Avro bölgesinin parçası olmasa da tüm AB devletleri, Ekonomi ve Para Birliği'nin parçası olmuştur.
- C) Tüm AB ülkeleri Ekonomik ve Parasal Birliğin parçası olmadıkça, tüm AB ülkeleri Avro bölgesinin parçası değildir.
- D) Tüm AB ülkeleri Ekonomik ve Parasal Birliğin parçası olmasa da, AB ülkelerinin tümü Avro bölgesinin parçası değildir.
- E) Neredeyse tüm AB ülkeleri Ekonomik ve Parasal Birliğin parçası olmasına rağmen, tüm AB ülkeleri Avro bölgesinin parçası değildir.

68. Over the years there have been numerous attempts to teach apes to speak, and in particular chimpanzees which are human's closest living relative.

- A) Yıllardır maymunlara ve insanın en yakın akrabası olan şempanzelere özellikle konuşmayı öğretmeye yönelik çok sayıda girişim oldu.
- B) Yıllardır maymunlara ve insanın en yakın akrabası olan şempanzelere konuşmayı öğretmeye yönelik çok sayıda girişim oldu.
- C) Yıllardır maymunlarla ve özellikle insanın en yakın akrabası olan şempanzelere birbirleriyle konuşmayı öğretmeye yönelik çok sayıda girişim oldu.
- D) Yıllardır maymunlara ve özellikle insanın en yakın akrabası olan şempanzelere konuşmayı öğretmeye yönelik çok sayıda girişim oldu.
- E) Yıllardır maymunlara ve özellikle insanlara en yakın olan şempanzelere konuşmayı öğretmeye yönelik çok sayıda girişim vardı.

67. Even though it has long been argued that there are limits to unsustainable economic growth on a finite planet, these arguments have been largely ignored by western economic powers.

- A) Sınırlı bir gezegende sürdürülemez ekonomik büyümenin sınırları olduğu iddia edilse de, bu argümanlar Batılı ekonomik güçler tarafından büyük ölçüde reddedildi.
- B) Sınırlı bir gezegende sürdürülemez ekonomik büyümenin sınırları olduğu uzun zamandır tartışılrsa da, bu argümanlar Batılı ekonomik güçler tarafından büyük ölçüde göz ardı edildi.
- C) Sınırlı bir gezegende sürdürülemez ekonomik büyümenin sınırları olduğu uzun süredir tartışıldığından, bu argümanlar kesinlikle Batılı ekonomik güçler tarafından göz ardı edildi.
- D) Sınırlı bir gezegende sürdürülebilir ekonomik büyümenin sınırları olduğu uzun zamandır tartışılıyordu, bu argümanlar büyük ölçüde batılı ekonomik güçler tarafından reddedildi.
- E) Sınırlı bir gezegende sürdürülebilir ekonomik büyümenin sınırları olduğu uzun zamandır tartışılıyordu, bu argümanları büyük ölçüde batılı ekonomik güçler göz ardı etti.

69. From satellite images to electron micrographs, from particle physics to black holes, science has fundamentally altered the way we perceive the world.

- A) Uydu görüntülerinden, elektron mikrograflarına, parçacık fiziğinden kara deliklere kadar bilim, dünyayı algılayış biçimimizi nispeten etkiledi.
- B) Uydu görüntülerinden elektron mikrograflarına, parçacık fiziğinden kara deliklere kadar bilim, dünyayı algılayış biçimimizi kökten değiştirdi.
- C) Uydu görüntülerinden elektron mikrograflarına, parçacık fiziğinden kara deliklere kadar bilim, dünyayı algılama biçimimizi kesinlikle değiştirdi
- D) Uydu görüntülerinden elektron mikrograflarına, parçacık fiziğinden kara deliklere kadar bilim, dünyayı algılayış biçimimizi temelden etkiledi.
- E) Uydu görüntülerinden elektron mikrograflarına, parçacık fiziğinden kara deliklere kadar bilim, dünyayı algılayış biçimimizi kökten değiştirebilir.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Almanya ve Kuzey Kore gibi ülkelerin hızlı sanayileşmelerine rağmen, iklim değişikliği, ne herhangi tek bir ülkenin hatasıdır, ne de herhangi tek bir ülkenin sorumluluğudur.

- A) Climate change is not only a single country fault but also any single country's responsibility due to the rapid industrialization of the countries like Germany and North Korea.
- B) Due to the rapid industrialization of the countries like Germany and North Korea, climate change is neither a single country fault nor any single Country's responsibility.
- C) In spite of the rapid industrialization of countries such as Germany and South Korea, climate change is neither any one country's fault nor any one country's responsibility.
- D) Despite the rapid industrialization of the countries such as Germany and North Korea, climate change is both the fault of any single country and the responsibility of any single country.
- E) Climate change is neither the fault of any single country nor the responsibility of any single country, as the countries like Germany and North Korea are rapidly industrializing.

71. Orta Avrupa'da bulunan Almanya, Kuzey Almanya Ovası, Orta Alman Yaylaları ve Güney Almanya Yaylalarından oluşur.

- A) Located in Central Europe, Germany is made up of the North German Plain, the Central German Uplands, and the Southern German Highlands.
- B) Germany is located in central Europe, consisting of the Northern German Plain, the Central German Springs and the Southern German Highlands.
- C) Located in Central Europe, Germany forms the North German Plain, the Central German Highlands and the Southern German Highlands.
- D) Germany consists of the North German Plain, the Central German Highlands and the Southern German Highlands located in Central Europe.
- E) The Northern German Plain, the Central German Highlands and the Southern German Highlands, which are located in Central Europe, make up Germany.

72. Yıllar boyunca bilim adamları, metabolik değişiklikler ve kronik iltihaplanma gibi, tümör büyümesini tetikleyen aşamaları belirlediler, ancak obezite ve kanser arasındaki ilişki belirsizliğini sürdürüyor.

- A) Over the years, scientists have identified processes that trigger tumor growth, such as metabolic changes and chronic inflammation, but a relation between obesity and cancer has remained elusive.
- B) For years, scientists have identified reasons that cause tumor growth, like metabolic changes and chronic inflammation, yet a relation between obesity and cancer has remained explicit.
- C) Over the years, scientists have yet to identify processes that trigger tumor growth, such metabolic changes and chronic inflammation, but a relation between obesity and cancer has remained unclear.
- D) For years, scientists have identified reasons that lead to tumor growth, like metabolic changes and chronic inflammation, thus a relation between obesity and cancer has remained unclear.
- E) Over the years, scientists have identified processes that trigger tumor growth, similar to metabolic changes and chronic inflammation, but a link between obesity and cancer has remained ambiguous.

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73. Gelişmiş ülkeler, soyu tükenmekte olan bitki ve hayvanlardan elde edilen ürünlerin ithalatını önlemek için tasarlanan yasayı yürürlüğe koymasına rağmen, bu türlerin çoğunun ana vatanı olan Brezilyada bu yasanın etkisi az olmuştur.

- A) While developed countries have enacted legislation designed to prevent the importation of products obtained from endangered animals and plants, this legislation has little impact in Brazil home to many of these species.
- B) Although developed countries have adopted legislation to prevent the importation of products obtained from endangered animals and plants, this legislation has hardly no effect in Brazil which is home to many of these species.
- C) Much as developed countries have enacted legislation to design preventing the importation of products obtained from endangered animals and plants, this legislation has little influence in Brazil which is home to many of these species.
- D) Even though developed countries have adopted legislation designed to prohibit the importation of products obtained from endangered animals and plants, this legislation has little effect in Brazil which is home to many of these species.
- E) Even if developed countries have enacted legislation design to prevent the importation of products obtained from endangered animals and plants, this legislation has little impact in Brazil home to many of these species.

75. Brezilya, bilim insanlarının gezegenin iklim sağlığı için kritik olduğunu düşündüğü Amazon Yağmur Ormanlarının% 60' ına ev sahipliği yapıyor.

- A) Brazil, which is home to 60% of the Amazon Rainforest, is considered critical for the climate health of the planet by the scientist.
- B) Brazil is home to 60% of the Amazon Rainforest which scientists consider critical for the climate health of the planet.
- C) Brazil which scientists consider critical for the climate health of the planet is home for 60% of the Amazon Rainforest.
- D) Brazil is home to nearly 60% of the Amazon Rainforest which scientists consider critical to the climate health of the planet.
- E) Brazilian scientists consider critical to the climate health of the planet has been home for 60% of the Amazon Rainforest.

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74. Dünya Sağlık Örgütü pastırma, jambon ve sosis gibi işlenmiş etlerin kansere neden olabileceğini açıkladı.

- A) The World Health Organization has announced that bacon, ham and sausages such as processed meat can cause cancer.
- B) The World Health Organization has announced that processed meat, such as bacon, ham and sausages cause cancer.
- C) The World Health Organization has announced that processed meat, such as bacon, ham and sausages can cause cancer
- D) The World Health Organization has announced that processed meat, as well as bacon, ham and sausages can cause cancer.
- E) That processed meat, such as bacon, ham and sausages can cause cancer has been announced by The World Health Organization

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Mental maps arise from direct experience. (II) As humans explore new environments, the brain constantly maps out our surroundings. (III) We use all of our senses to learn about and remember our surroundings, not just vision. (IV) We cannot sail to this continent on senses alone so maps were a revolution for humanity (V) Our brains ultimately could generate detailed maps of our environment through active exploration, a hard-won evolutionary skill that never went away.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Icebergs float in the ocean, but are made of frozen freshwater, not saltwater. (II) Some icebergs near Antarctica can be as big as a country. (III) There are many different kinds of icebergs. (IV) Brash ice, for instance, is a collection of floating ice and icebergs no more than 2 meters (6.5 feet) across. (V) A tabular berg is a flat-topped iceberg that usually forms as ice breaks directly off an ice sheet or ice shelf.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) One of the main reasons animals migrate is to find food. (II) For example, monarch butterflies migrate to avoid cold temperatures in the winter (III) Salmon start life in rivers and migrate to the sea to feed and grow. (IV) Zebras and gazelles roam the Serengeti looking for fresh grass and water, which are hard to find during the dry season. (V) Humpback whales in the summer travel to feeding grounds near the polar ice, where the water is full of krill and small fish.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) People first domesticated plants about 10,000 years ago, between the Tigris and Euphrates rivers in Mesopotamia. (II) People collected and planted the seeds of wild plants. (III) Plants have not only been domesticated for food. (IV) They made sure the plants had as much water as they needed to grow, and planted them in areas with the right amount of sun. (V) Weeks or months later, when the plants blossomed, people harvested the food crops.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Bicycles were introduced in the 19th century in Europe, and by the early 21st century, more than 1 billion were in existence. (II) These numbers far exceed the number of cars, both in total and ranked by the number of individual models produced. (III) They are the principal means of transportation in many regions. (IV) They also provide a popular form of recreation, and have been adapted for use as children's toys, general fitness, military and police applications, courier services, bicycle racing, and bicycle stunts. (V) The basic shape and configuration of a typical upright or "safety bicycle", has changed little since the first chain-driven model was developed around 1885.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



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Sınav bitmiştir. Cevaplarınızı kontrol ediniz.

Cevap Anahtarı

1: B	41: A
2: C	42: D
3: E	43: B
4: C	44: E
5: B	45: A
6: E	46: E
7: A	47: E
8: D	48: D
9: B	49: A
10: C	50: B
11: A	51: A
12: B	52: E
13: B	53: C
14: E	54: A
15: B	55: A
16: E	56: D
17: C	57: D
18: C	58: C
19: B	59: A
20: A	60: B
21: E	61: E
22: D	62: C
23: B	63: D
24: D	64: E
25: D	65: D
26: E	66: A
27: B	67: B
28: E	68: D
29: E	69: B
30: B	70: C
31: C	71: A
32: E	72: A
33: B	73: A
34: E	74: C
35: D	75: B
36: A	76: D
37: C	77: B
38: C	78: B
39: C	79: C
40: A	80: E